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The Chicago Tribune.

VOLUME XLVII. THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1891—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE THREE CENTS.

AWFUL SCENES OF DEATH.

AND WRETCHED SUFFERING TO PASSENGERS BY FIRE.

SUIT FOR FIVE MILLIONS.

WOULD GIVE SAID LANDS TO BE LEASED TO KINNEY.

From Facts Revealed in the Union Pacific Investigation a Conspiracy on the Part of Gould and Sage to Defraud Government Declared to Have Been Attempted by Wiping Out Liability Under Mortgage.

BOTKIN PLEADS'S DEATH.

PEDDLING NOMINATIONS.

"SERVICE" OF THE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE AND THEIR DUTIES.

They Called on Various Candidates and Offered to Put Them Up for a Consideration.—A Sliding Scale of Charges, the Range Being from $1,000 to $5,000.—Talks with Men Who Were Approached.—A Lurid Meeting.

NOW DOWN TO BUSINESS.

A JURY SELECTED, THE OPENING OVER, AND TESTIMONY TAKEN.

The Jury Generally Conceded to Be an Excellent One.—Some of Gen. Stone's Opening for the Case.—Nothing the Case Against the Brothers.—The Record Made.—A Sensation Caused by the Production of Its Absolution.

SPORT AT EPSOM DOWNS.

GRAIN FUTURES DULL.

Magnificently Illustrated Art Lectures.

EXPOSITION BUILDING.

Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, May 26, 27, 28.

KIRMESS!

MCVICKER'S.

DION BOUCICAULT

SHAUGHRAUN.

Mission Ridge and Lookout Mountain

Battle of Shiloh.

BATTLE OF

GETTYSBURG!

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

SUNDAY, MAY 31, 1891.

The Iowa Democracy has adjourned until June 3.

Mount Etna is now the highest (lofty) yesterday.

The strikes in Belgium are assuming a more alarming aspect.

The Kansas Railroad bill has passed the Michigan Legislature.

Cincinnati, the French Assassin, is under arrest in Paris.

Further evidences grow adverse the President's reception yesterday.

J. Sterling & Son, merchants of Bowling Green, Ohio, have failed for half a million.

The President yesterday reviewed the troops now holding a National drill at Washington.

Postmaster Vincent, of Salisbury, who has been suffering from gastric fever, is recovering.

The work of securing the jury in the trial of J. Percy Keiser at Peoria, Ill., is making slow progress.

The House Alien bill was yesterday referred to the Judiciary Committee by the Illinois House.

A measure to prevent fraudulent from employment wages was passed by the Illinois House yesterday.

The rail closing business house and workshops Sunday was passed by the Illinois House yesterday.

Smallpox is raging along the upper banks of the Arkansas River, and the Indians are dying by the score.

A bill to prohibit the distribution of the money Interpose among miners was passed by the Illinois House yesterday.

It is thought that there is no necessity for another operation on the throat of the Crown Prince of Prussia, William of Germany.

Mr. Butler yesterday succeeded in getting the Senate bill abolishing homesteads submitted to first reading in the House Senate.

A trial has been observed for the trial of the four of the Cook County heather cases, and the Hines yesterday opened the case for the State.

Advocates to the London Standard, William O'Brien will not accept the parliamentary seat also for Northeast Cork to which he was recently elected.

Count Caprivi warns the support, are of the British Government's Irish policy that unless they are thoroughly organized collapse is certain.

A Polish of 6,000 Sunday school children was given to Brooklyn yesterday, it being the fifty-eighth anniversary of the Brooklyn Sunday-School Union.

Mr. Pearson has refused to form a Ministry, and it is proposed to form a Tri-Cleric Government, with Gen. Seaman as Minister of War, that stirring Irishman.

The seventeen Baptist ministers and delegates from New England to the anniversary meetings now in progress at Minneapolis passed through the city yesterday.

It is said that a scheme is on foot to consolidate the cable interests of the Northwest and form a company which shall control 20,000,000 acres of cable and grazing lands.

The Rev. Dr. F. G. Noble of Chicago and the Rev. James Tompkins have been selected as delegates to the Baptist Convention of Congregationalists to be held at Saratoga Springs June 7.

The Bolton Election bill in spite of the Illinois Senate's rejection, on the order of third reading for amendment, the vote of Tuesday by which the measure was defeated having been reconsidered yesterday.

The Iowa of Union bill came up on the special order in the Illinois House yesterday. A motion to substitute the minority report of the Judiciary Committee for the adverse report of the majority prevailed, and the measure was sent to second reading.

Dr. Lawson is in bad health. A Paris dispatch says that water has been struck in one of the largest, deepest, and deepest mine, far above the line of the canal work, and has washed from the side of the mountain into the cut and filled them up. The accident, which is a serious and costly one in fact, will not be at all general disturbance of M. Lesseps (in Lesseps that he cannot cut an ocean-level canal, and that a surface-lock canal (instead of a sea-level canal), is long, deep, and narrow cuts, is the only practical way of getting across the isthmus. Such accidents as the one described in the Chronicle have been predicted by Tue Tribune very practical thing to do now is to let the canal go and dam here to and lock out, and change Dr. Lesseps' methods of canal-building.

Money was in active demand and rates were firm, as it is per cent. Local investment securities were quiet. Eastern exchange was dull at 25 cents discount. Sterling exchange was firm. The New York stock exchange (per wire list).—The Chicago produce markets were less active and averaged lower, wheat being temporarily strong, with fears that the crop had been damaged during the weather of Tuesday. There were rumors of large settlements of Jose stocks to wheat by private arrangement. At

the session of the Board of Trade yesterday, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, in session assembled, hereby expresses its profound sorrow at the death of Hon. Thomas Hoyne, a member of the Board, and a citizen who has been prominently identified with the growth and prosperity of this city for more than half a century, and who has always been distinguished for his public spirit and his devotion to the best interests of the community in which he lived.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Board be instructed to present a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, with the assurance of our sincere sympathy in the bereavement which has befallen them.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect for the memory of our deceased friend, the Board of Trade be closed during the day of the funeral.

A few days afterwards Mr. Hoyne received a clear case of ten. Enough a strong thirst-glass and found he was not a serpent-at-all, but several hundreds of glasses flying to a long line, which swung up or down and to the right or left as they flew. There twelve were many faces, and they became every white, which accounts for the charge of some of the wayward serpent, while the fullness of their wings explains the "trail of shimmering." This authenticity accounts for the Lake Champlain sea serpent, and some theory of a shoal trail may account the attention to the Hudson River but over all the way from Albany down to Long Island Sound. A swing of glasses will not do, however, as he was seen at short range and the animal was as big as a barrel, according to the apparent brightness with which he will be put to an appearance this season to will opportunely turn out to be a log or some other floating object, for it is out of all the animal proportion that the assessment of the county books should furnish the evil flights which are his native home and take to fresh water oceans and lakes. It is both unlikely and unfounded.

Mr. Murray is plying swing will not explain the magnificent sensation which has recently taken home, now disporting himself among the breakers off Cape Ann and at other points along the Atlantic coast. Nature and habits have been his near by. But since constellations, who are very augmentative of comets and politics, but compendious of comets and scientific shortness have pressed him with avidity, only to see his successor in the shallow with a tremendous swish of the water just as they had their hands on him. The sentiments of the witnesses agree in the animal detail, also, to the color of the eyes and scales, and they were about twelve inches long, not to be doubted by swings of guile.

Rowing was good, as time of crosstook. We may safely forecast Arab-Saxon supremacy for the old sea-rovers, when maritime age by commerce on the Norwegian coasts, by navigators in the Pacific, and adventures on the Atlantic main, and will assert himself and run from his enemy not to overtook and hide them with his glittering eye. He is no vanity a product of the sea as the great kraal crab, the shark, connected octopus, or the dainty flying fish, and holds a first place in human trust than either mermaid, sea-horse, or Flying Dutchman. Even the great Prince and all the real monsters of the world from their have long in halls of coal or primitive in stone-city should the sea be destroyed of one of its most precious mysteries and most fascinating wonders, for we suspect it [illegible] some nothing safe from the prying inventions of these modern naturalists, whose connection with sea-serpents is a most unfortunate one for the latter, for since Mr. Bennett sought the world of all its scenery and beauty? Even Adirondack Murray might have been more usefully employed on his back hostile than in spoiling the gentle mystery of Lake Champlain.

Chief Engineer W. Elliott of the Southern Pacific, who has spent several months among the islands of Behring Sea and is an authority on all questions pertaining to Alaska and its resources, writes to the United States, substituting to the New York Tribune a timely statement of our rights to the above-named sea which have been questioned by the British Government. The controversy grows out of the seizure of British sealing vessels in those waters last season. It is the general time it has been a long-standing one. The British Minister even overlooking and threatened everything. Secretary Tarsel was conciliatory, as he always is. The President, to keep the peace, restrained the vessels to their owners.

Mr. Elliott's statement of the case shows very clearly that the Secretary of State was not instructed in conceding the claim of the British Minister, and that the supporters of the Administration, to vindicate the British Government has not to a temporary abandonment of the rights we purchased from Russia. His statement proves that to the terms of the cession of 1867, conveying the charter of the Russian-American Company, and from that time to 1867, the year of its cession to the United States, Russia claimed the absolute ownership of the land-locked Behring Sea, and that that claim was perfectly understood at the British Foreign Office and never disputed by it or challenged by any other Power. In the treaty of the intercourse between the United States and Russia, and in the agreement of 1868 with Great Britain, there was not the slightest reference made to any other Power asking for any rights or privileges in Behring Sea. As to the reasons to the United States, Mr. Elliott says:

In the origin later of the unquestioned authority of Russia in the waters of Behring Sea and of the North Pacific ocean, and the right to the full enjoyment of the seal fisheries, there is no room for doubt. The Russian Government, in the year 1799, granted to the Russian-American Company the exclusive right to the fur trade of the region, and the company was required to annually send to the Russian Government a certain number of skins of the fur-bearing animals, and in consideration of this the Government granted to the

M. FLOQUET GAVE IT UP.

HE PRESIDENT ASKS OTHERS TO FORM A PARIS CABINET.

What Boulanger Has to Say—The Situation in Belgium Hourly Growing More Alarming—England's Defense to Settle the Egyptian Bubble—Business and the Liberals—A Murderous Fete Dieu Parade.

...General Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, May 24.—President Carnot has again asked President to form a Cabinet. M. Floquet refused to form a Ministry.

President Carnot had a long conference with President this evening.

It was later today in the proposed to form a Cabinet Government, with Gen. Boulanger as Minister of War.

M. Floquet and Baron de Mackau, leader of the Right in the Chamber of Deputies, visited President Carnot today, in relation to the calling of M. Floquet to form a Cabinet. They declared that the rejection of a Floquet Ministry would inform the foreign relations of France.

In an interview in Nimes this Boulanger is represented as saying if he is elected from the Cabinet he would simply refuse to be one of them to the army. Executive of abstain from any part whatever in politics. When he resigned from the army he did so in order to be free to act as he pleased. He would not have resigned had he not been sure of the support of the people. The Chamber of Deputies had been elected three years, and the entire effects had been a waste of money and the time of the country. The people were to accept for ratification the constitution of a Senate and a Chamber of Deputies, and the new officials

RELIGIOUS CONVENTIONS.

UNIVERSALIST SESSION OF THE OLD-TIME CONSERVATIONISTS.

Officers Elected and Reports on the Condition of the Church and the Sabbath-School—State Sunday-School Convention at Decatur—The Presbyterian Assemblies—Affairs of Foreign Missions Considered at Session—Business of the Baptist Societies at Minneapolis.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 25.—[Special.]—The Illinois Congregational Association this morning elected the following persons to fill the places of two of the retiring directors: The Rev. S. F. Dunham of Chicago, A. C. Fuet of Springfield, A. S. Root of Chicago, A. H. Rogers of Byron, Warren P. Day of Ottawa, A. L. Ell of Rockford, Maj. S. D. Bentley of Evanston, Messrs. J. T. Rogers of Peoria, W. C. Miller of Gladstone, and Charles Cressette of Hamilton.

The report of the Superintendent of Home Missionary Work for the year showed that the receipts for the year had been $7,000, a little more than $1,000 less than the previous year, with a less proportion of general funds, but while forty years ago the various church societies contributed contributions of only 50 cents per capita last year $2.50 per capita was given.

The Rev. A. F. Lazell of Chicago presented the report of the Sick Aves Memorial Committee. It recommends, among other things, the adoption of a rule which will keep from the ministerial act the names of all ministers who have parted with to follow secular pursuits regularly. The report will be considered tomorrow.

The report on ministerial relief showed that only $50 had been required for that purpose the last year.

The secretary of the year's Sabbath-school work was made by the Rev. A. F. Bell of the city. While only a part of the schools contributed for missions and other charitable work the great total of the year for these purposes was $9,000. The number of new members received into the churches from the Sabbath-schools was 1,000.

The Rev. J. H. Barrow reported that the Church Erection Fund had furnished nine churches during the year to assist in erecting churches in struggling congregations. In other ways it had given much assistance. The Rev. A. Hyde of Ohio, reporting on the whole matter to advise that safety be in securing a wider and deeper attachment for the aim for religion and learning as the true interests of society.

The evening session was divided to papers by Mrs. A. F. Arnold of Hillsboro, Taylor on "The Nation's Opportunity," by the Rev. J. Bushnell of Geneva, on "The Reform of Home Missions," and by Mrs. Flora Bagley of Chicago, on "The Urgency of the Home Missionary Call."

The treasurer's report showed that $600 of the $1,000 pledged last year was paid in, leaving a deficiency of $400. This afternoon over $1,000 was pledged to carry on the work. Prof. F. Taylor, State missionary, stated that during the last year $2,000 had been expended by the church for missionary work.

A change of importance to the location of the Chicago Theological Seminary is now contemplated and will be brought before the convention. It is the intention of the college of theology giving up the site of Lincoln Park, to consolidate Lombard College with the other at Galesburg, Ill. It will cost only $50,000 to put the buildings here.

Illinois Sunday-School Convention.

DECATUR, Ill., May 25.—[Special.]—The second day's session of the State Convention of the Illinois Christian Sunday-School Association has been out of great interest. Over 500 delegates crowded the church. It was recommended that the primary classes be taught exclusively by women. In an address President Parkhurst urged that an association shall always be maintained, and that the work be extended to the remotest part of the State by county districts and hiring convention boards.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLIES.

Report on Foreign Missions in the Body at Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., May 25.—In the Presbyterian General Assembly this morning the report of the Committee of the Board of Foreign Missions was read by Dr. Dayton. It showed that while the appropriations had been but $75,000 the receipts had been $72,000. There were thirty-two missions in seventeen different countries, with 60 churches and 60 organizations, with other associate points, making the total of 1,000. Since last the money asked for would be $1,000,000.

The resignation of Dr. Allen as a member of the Board of Freedmen's Missions was tendered and accepted. The report of the Committee on Theological Seminaries reported an increase of those in the country of living a progressive condition, with an increased attendance over last year. The committee recommended that special attention be paid to all theological seminaries a more systematic study of the English Bible.

The Committee on the Question of Sabbath School Work reported the distribution of 20,000 volumes, papers, and tracts. No donations had been received. The total receipts were $21,000.

Dr. S. C. Clay, D.D. of Church Government was elected, leaving the decision against a husband marrying the sister of a deceased wife, and reversing the decision of a synod which had declared the validity of a second marriage. Dr. Clark Kerr held that the questions did not permit what it was stated it did.

The subject was committed.

The Southern Assembly.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 25.—The Presbyterian General Assembly South devoted the morning session to argument on organic union. The committee of the General Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia to the assembly to hold their next session in that city and extending their hospitality was declined, on the ground that the church is in Philadelphia, but they replied to hold their next session in May, 1893, at Baltimore, and to take a recess on the fourth Thursday in May and proceed to Philadelphia to assist in the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the Reformed Presbytery of America. This latter organization has been in existence for several forty years of existence and accepted union and subject.

BAPTIST CONVENTIONS.

The Women's Home Mission Society's Meeting—The Visiting Ladies.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 25.—This morning the Women's Home Mission Society of the Baptist Church held its first session in Simpson Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church. The report of the Committee on Finance was received and adopted. Mrs. Dickerman, Chairman of the Committee on Nominations, made a report as follows, which was adopted:

President, Mrs. J. D. Cleaves of Chicago; Vice-presidents Georgia, Mrs. W. S. Hartley of Illinois; Recording Secretary, Mrs. M. Tyler Miller of Vermont; Treasurer, Mrs. E. D. Gardner of Chicago; Associate Vice-Presidents and an Executive Board of fifteen more, also corresponding secretaries of Home and Foreign Missions.

The American Baptist Publication Society held its sixty-third annual meeting this morning. Dr. Brastow delivered the sermon. Dr. Stewart Crossman of Chicago, Vice-President of the society, called the meeting to order. Dr. Goodspeed, president of the Board of Managers, Dr. Castle, editorial superintendent, and Dr. Crossman, secretary, presented reports showing a distribution of over 400,000 books and tracts, and the establishment of 1,000 Sunday-schools and the enlargement of many more. The receipts for the year were $1,000,000, of which $100,000 was from the sale of books. The publication building in Philadelphia is valued at $1,000,000. Over 1,000 missionaries have been employed in the work of the society. The indebtedness of the society is about $100,000. The committee on nominations reported the following officers, who were elected: President, Dr. Crossman; Vice-Presidents, Dr. Castle, Dr. Goodspeed, Dr. Brastow, Dr. Lorimer, Dr. Gillett, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hatfield, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hatfield, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hatfield

BRICKLAYERS CONFIDENT.

THEY ARE SURE THEY WILL ACHIEVE VICTORY IN THE END.

The strike will, from now on, be confined to the women of the exchange. A few hundreds of places where jobs are going may or is contemplation. The master bricklayers intend the brunt of the fight. It is not generally expected that anyone in the other trades will come to any of the other trades. The builders' exchanges have not yet outlined a policy. The lists just announced of the new firms and bosses struck with their men, and a large addition to be made to-day, did not disturb the present status. The master masons are preparing for a long campaign. The leaders here say they will fight the bricklayers' battle to a finish, entrusted by a recent vote of the body of carrying, many of them had their tools in hand, and were out for months. The men have still nearly their average wages, and the Bricklayers' Union, President Dorsey says, has a balance of $1,000 to advertising in the fall over the United States. Some are coming here from Cincinnati and are quartered in secret from that city where they are to remain from that city where some 50 Eighteen bricklayers arrived from Evanston villages and workers from other places in Illinois.

Work is rapidly being resumed. Secretary Schoenhofen stated twenty private contractors who were ready to sign the new platform and rules. They will employ all the men from two to eighteen men each, and increase their forces as the men are to accept. Very few if any union men are working for members of the Master Masons' Association. There is not a union man working for Mr. Wells; and there are but few for Mr. Wells. While a union man is under the rules of principle to become a non-union man. I anticipate that we shall have all the men we want in three weeks."

The general men are becoming very busy, and the contractors will probably by the end of this week. It is generally admitted that with the withdrawal of bricklayers from the building trades the supply of mechanics will be greatly reduced, and unless the bricklayers return to work in a few days many buildings will be unable to be completed this season. The masons say that they will not be able to finish the buildings they have under contract, and the owners will be unable to secure tenants. The bricklayers say that they will not be able to finish the buildings they have under contract, and the owners will be unable to secure tenants. The bricklayers say that they will not be able to finish the buildings they have under contract, and the owners will be unable to secure tenants.

MILITIA REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Southern Cooperative Gale Convention for Returning to Work with "Niggers."

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—(Special.)—Two of the Southern commercials taking part in the Second drill here managed to gain a little notoriety. Some weeks ago several Southern organizations which had invaded to be on hand without invitation. It was alleged several companies were to be reorganized. It was claimed that their movements were not approved by the people of the South. A number of mixed military organizations have been in the drill and most of them have gained golden opinions. This is because they have not made the excursion disagreeable and have not of the companies trouble with the people, or as persons they may call it "niggers." The Fifth Cavalry gives the following version of the matter:

After the conference of the Red Cross Rodeo, which brought up the rear of the parade had passed the crowding about the united States Cavalry, and the men on the right of the line were compelled to push their horses against the crowd to prevent trampling down the ladies of society of course a row ensued when the Cavalrymen and the Rough Riders. Finding trouble in store and expecting the worst the Fifth Cavalry formed in column of fours, and when Lieutenant-Colonel Wheeler and Lieutenant Hall, who had brought the Rough Riders and Fourth Cavalry out here to Washington, and who had charge of the Rough Riders and Fourth Cavalry, came back to Wheeler and

THE CITY.

IN GENERAL.

A Short Cut-Off, which will be of great benefit to the Illinois Central Railroad, is under contemplation. The proposition is to build a line from Kensington, on the Calumet branch, to Harvey, a distance of about seven miles. The new line will enable the company to avoid the heavy grades and sharp curves which are now encountered in the vicinity of Thirty-first street, and will also shorten the distance between Chicago and Harvey by about two miles. The cost of the proposed improvement is estimated at $500,000.

Frederick Douglass, the colored orator, will lecture at Central Music Hall on the evening of June 2. His subject will be "Self-Made Men." Mr. Douglass is now in his seventy-fourth year, and has been lecturing for more than forty years. He is still in the full possession of his powers, and his lecture will be one of the most interesting of the season.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease, the Kansas lecturer, will speak at Central Music Hall on the evening of June 2. Her subject will be "Money Power vs. Labor Power." Mrs. Lease is a forcible speaker, and will undoubtedly draw a large audience.

The Chicago Bicycle Club will hold its annual meet on the Lake Front boulevard on Saturday afternoon, June 6. The events will be open to members of all bicycle clubs in the city. The prizes will be awarded in the evening at the club house, 1,000 Michigan avenue.

The Chicago Athletic Association will hold its annual meet on the Lake Front boulevard on Saturday afternoon, June 13. The events will be open to members of all athletic

PEOPLE'S PAGE.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

The Beauty of Providence.

Chicago, May 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I was one of last Sunday's [illegible] to enjoy an excursion to the beautiful city of Providence, R. I., and to see the wonderful [illegible] of Providence and Narragansett bay. [illegible] I was glad to do so, for I had heard much about the beauty of the city and bay, and I was not disappointed. The [illegible] was a delightful one, and the [illegible] of the bay and the [illegible] were very fine. [illegible] Providence is a beautiful city, and I was much pleased with it. [illegible] I was told that the city has a population of about 150,000, and I should think that it was a very prosperous one. [illegible] Providence is a manufacturing city, and I saw [illegible] of the largest cotton mills in the country. [illegible] I was told that the city has a number of fine churches, but I did not see any of them. [illegible] I was told that the city has a number of fine churches, but I did not see any of them. [illegible] I was told that the city has a number of fine churches, but I did not see any of them

WANTS

WEEK DAY PRICE, 10cts. per line.

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INDIANA AVENUE TRACKS.

SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS.

THE ASSOCIATION OF LAKE

CHICAGO
GAS TRUST COMPANY,
S. E. Cor. Randolph & Dearborn-sts.
Holders of shares of the capital stock of the People's Gas Light and Coke Company of Chicago are hereby notified that they may exchange their holdings, at par of each, for shares of the capital stock of the Chicago Gas Trust Company upon presentation of their stock certificates duly assigned in blank at the office of the company in Chicago.
By A. E. KENT, Pres. C. G. T. Co.
Chicago, May 20, 1898.

Metropolitan Stock and Grain Exchange,
Dealers in Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions for Cash and Future Delivery.
Orders executed on margins of 1% for 30 days on Stocks, 5 cents per Bushel, 5 cents per Barrel, 2% cents per Barrel, 1 cent per Barrel.
Correspondents wanted in Stocks, Investment Bonds and Grain.

N. W. HARRIS & Co.
BANKERS

Bonds

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY BANK,
S. E. cor. Monroe
Capital and Surplus, $500,000
Banking accounts of Bankers and Merchants solicited, allowing such interest upon daily balances as may be agreed upon.
A. M. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Bond Sale.
Sealed bids will be received at the Court House, Chicago, Illinois, until 12 o'clock noon, June 6, 1898, for the purchase of $1,000,000 of the bonds of the Sanitary District of Chicago, issued under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved May 29, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889, and known as the Sanitary District Act of 1889. Said bonds will be issued in denominations of $1,000 each, and will be dated July 1, 1898, and will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year, both principal and interest being payable at the office of the Treasurer of the Sanitary District of Chicago, in the City of Chicago, Illinois, or at the option of the holder at the National Park Bank, New York City. Said bonds will run twenty years from their date, but will be subject to call and payment at the option of the Sanitary District of Chicago at any time after ten years from their date upon thirty days' notice published in a newspaper of general circulation in the City of Chicago, Illinois, and in a financial newspaper published in the City of New York, State of New York. Said bonds will be issued in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved May 29, 1889, and in force July 1, 1889, and known as the Sanitary District Act of 1889, and will be sold for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of the Drainage Canal authorized by said Act. Said bonds will be delivered to the purchaser at the office of the Treasurer of the Sanitary District of Chicago, in the City of Chicago, Illinois, on or before July 15, 1898, and payment therefor must be made at that time. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for 5 per cent of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the order of the President of the Board of Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago, which check will be returned to the bidder if his bid is not accepted. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Bids must be addressed to the President of the Board of Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago, and must be indorsed "Bid for Bonds." Blank forms of bids may be obtained at the office of the Treasurer of the Sanitary District of Chicago.
By order of the Board of Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago.
LYMAN E. COOLEY, President.
Attest: HENRY A. GAYLORD, Clerk.
Chicago, May 20, 1898.

GWYNNE & DAY,
Successors to A. A. Wells & Co., New York.
Bankers and Brokers,
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Chicago Stock Exchange.
Chicago Board of Trade.
Orders executed for Investment or on Margin.
Correspondence solicited.

NATIONAL STORAGE CO.
Paid Up Capital, $100,000.
This company is prepared to store Household Goods, Pianos, Merchandise, Machinery, Vehicles, Horses, Grain, Wool, Hides, Furs, Trunks, Valises, Bicycles, Baggage, Etc., at reasonable rates.
Stored on the Owner's Premises, in Chicago or Elsewhere.
Advances made on Warehouse Receipts.
A. M. WILLIAMSON, President.
Office, 1 and 2 Dearborn Station.

Chicago Stock Exchange Memberships.
A limited number of desirable memberships will be sold on Friday, 27th inst., at the morning session of the Exchange, at half-past ten o'clock.
WM. C. RUDOLA, Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Chicago, May 21, 1898.

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company in the City of Chicago, Illinois, on Tuesday, the 14th day of June, 1898, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock p. m. on the 20th day of May, 1898, and will remain closed until the morning of June 15, 1898.
By order of the board of directors.
H. A. LITCH, Secretary.
Chicago, May 14, 1898.

BUSINESS.

MONETARY.

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	May 25.	May 18.
New York	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Francisco	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baltimore	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]

New York exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, 40c discount; Boston, 50c discount.

There is much evidence that some portion of the purchases of the Chicago grocery markets in this city, the new forty days after the optimistic light. Speculators will accomplishing reasons have shown to not known and are not eager to be discovered from lack of funds for great speculation that money light dispenses this go. It is not true, as has been reported, that the London bears formed a cold shoulder on the object to stocks. The fact is that the bankers have already loaned to operators of stock an amount on this side four billions, disregarding the claims of other customers. Since the talk started the great bear and insures that the banks were opposed to the bull deal. Some bankers, however, do propose protecting the loan that the bull would make for some as if customers which longer to might ordinarily demand security. The report that money has come from Cincinnati to pay for wheat is to account with the operations of the deal. Cincinnati, although that is large import here, when Chicago imports enough to Cincinnati, it is reported, has been assigned by crowd. The fact that the wage will fear this season is shown by the increased the underground paper. Large quantities of which have been sold both yesterday and this year have been bought by the Chicago and New York and the orders from the country were sufficient to engage a large amount of money in this industry. Cincinnati drawn have purchased heretofore and have been sold with long there or paper. Profit has been enough to induce long and short of the Chicago Board of Trade to buy and sell on the Cincinnati Produce Exchange. Some of the Chicago grain operators have been in Cincinnati for a week.

Speculation in the Board of Trade Stock Exchange has been somewhat restricted by the great uncertainty as to the future of the wheat market. Some of the operators have been in the habit of buying wheat on the Board of Trade and selling it on the Stock Exchange. Others have been in the habit of buying stocks on the Stock Exchange and selling wheat on the Board of Trade. Both of these classes of operators have been compelled to close out their deals on account of the uncertainty as to the future of wheat. Many of the operators have been in the habit of buying wheat on the Board of Trade and selling it on the Stock Exchange. Others have been in the habit of buying stocks on the Stock Exchange and selling wheat on the Board of Trade. Both of these classes of operators have been compelled to close out their deals on account of the uncertainty as to the future of wheat.

The Chicago Clearing House exchanges yesterday were $[illegible], and balances $[illegible]. Corresponding figures for the week previous were: Exchanges, $[illegible]; balances, $[illegible].

The Bank of England's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Reserve, decrease £[illegible]; circulation, increase £[illegible]; bullion, decrease £[illegible]; other securities, decrease £[illegible]; other deposits, decrease £[illegible]; public deposits, increase £[illegible]; notes reserve, decrease £[illegible]; government securities, unchanged. The proportion of the bank's reserve to liabilities this week is [illegible] per cent; last week it was [illegible] per cent.

The Bank of France's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] francs; silver in hand, increase [illegible] francs; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] francs; circulation, increase [illegible] francs; general deposits, increase [illegible] francs; advances, increase [illegible] francs.

The Bank of Germany's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] marks; silver in hand, increase [illegible] marks; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] marks; circulation, increase [illegible] marks; general deposits, increase [illegible] marks; advances, increase [illegible] marks.

The Bank of Austria-Hungary's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] florins; silver in hand, increase [illegible] florins; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] florins; circulation, increase [illegible] florins; general deposits, increase [illegible] florins; advances, increase [illegible] florins.

The Bank of Spain's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] pesetas; silver in hand, increase [illegible] pesetas; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] pesetas; circulation, increase [illegible] pesetas; general deposits, increase [illegible] pesetas; advances, increase [illegible] pesetas.

The Bank of Belgium's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] francs; silver in hand, increase [illegible] francs; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] francs; circulation, increase [illegible] francs; general deposits, increase [illegible] francs; advances, increase [illegible] francs.

The Bank of Holland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] florins; silver in hand, increase [illegible] florins; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] florins; circulation, increase [illegible] florins; general deposits, increase [illegible] florins; advances, increase [illegible] florins.

The Bank of Switzerland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] francs; silver in hand, increase [illegible] francs; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] francs; circulation, increase [illegible] francs; general deposits, increase [illegible] francs; advances, increase [illegible] francs.

The Bank of Portugal's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] milreis; silver in hand, increase [illegible] milreis; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] milreis; circulation, increase [illegible] milreis; general deposits, increase [illegible] milreis; advances, increase [illegible] milreis.

The Bank of Russia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] rubles; silver in hand, increase [illegible] rubles; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] rubles; circulation, increase [illegible] rubles; general deposits, increase [illegible] rubles; advances, increase [illegible] rubles.

The Bank of Sweden's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Norway's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Denmark's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Finland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] marks; silver in hand, increase [illegible] marks; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] marks; circulation, increase [illegible] marks; general deposits, increase [illegible] marks; advances, increase [illegible] marks.

The Bank of Iceland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Greenland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Labrador's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Newfoundland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Prince Edward Island's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Nova Scotia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of New Brunswick's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Quebec's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Montreal's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Ontario's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Toronto's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Commerce's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Hamilton's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Ottawa's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Manitoba's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of British Columbia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Alberta's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Saskatchewan's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Athabasca's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Mackenzie's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Yukon's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Alaska's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Hawaii's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Samoa's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Tonga's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Fiji's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of New Zealand's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Australia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Tasmania's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Queensland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of New South Wales's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Victoria's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of South Australia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Western Australia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Northern Territory's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Queensland's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of New South Wales's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Victoria's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of South Australia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Western Australia's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.

The Bank of Northern Territory's weekly statement, issued yesterday, showed the following changes: Gold in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; silver in hand, increase [illegible] kroner; bills discounted, decrease [illegible] kroner; circulation, increase [illegible] kroner; general deposits, increase [illegible] kroner; advances, increase [illegible] kroner.